

Diltiazem Hydrochloride Extended-Release Capsules

Type of PostingRevision BulletinPosting Date26-Feb-2021Official Date1-Mar-2021

Expert Committee Small Molecules 2

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the Council of Experts, the Small Molecules 2 Expert Committee has revised the Diltiazem Hydrochloride Extended-Release Capsules monograph. The purpose for the revision is to add *Dissolution Test 24* to accommodate FDA-approved drug products with different dissolution conditions and/or tolerances than the existing dissolution test(s). The revision also necessitates a change in the table numbering in the test for *Organic Impurities*.

• *Dissolution Test 24* was validated using a Waters Symmetry C18 brand of L1 column. The typical retention time for diltiazem is about 2 min.

The Diltiazem Hydrochloride Extended-Release Capsules Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Behnaz Almasi, Scientific Liaison (301-692-3412 or ba@usp.org).

Diltiazem Hydrochloride Extended-Release Capsules

DEFINITION

Diltiazem Hydrochloride Extended-Release Capsules contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S\cdot HCI$).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The UV-Vis spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

ASSAY

PROCEDURE

Solution A: 0.79 g/L of <u>ammonium bicarbonate</u> in <u>water</u>. Adjust with diluted ammonia solution or <u>acetic</u> acid to a pH of 8.0.

Solution B: <u>Acetonitrile</u> **Mobile phase:** See <u>Table 1</u>.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	95	5
2.0	95	5
5.0	60	40
13.0	60	40
16.0	30	70
20.0	30	70
20.1	95	5
25.0	95	5

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (40:60)

Standard solution: 0.05 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Diluent*

Sample stock solution: Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of diltiazem hydrochloride from the Capsules in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of finely powdered contents of NLT 20 Capsules to a suitable volumetric flask. Add *Diluent* equivalent to 80% of the flask volume, mechanically shake for 30 min, and sonicate for 60 min. Dilute with the *Diluent* to volume. Centrifuge and use the supernatant.

Sample solution: Nominally 0.05 mg/mL of diltiazem hydrochloride prepared in *Diluent* from *Sample stock* solution

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 240 nm. For *Identification A*, use a diode array detector in the range of 190–400 nm.

Column: 2.1-mm \times 15-cm; 1.7- μ m packing <u>L1</u>

Flow rate: 0.3 mL/min Injection volume: 2.0 μL

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution Suitability requirements Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result =
$$(r_{II}/r_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 r_{II} = peak response of diltiazem from the Sample solution

 r_s = peak response of diltiazem from the *Standard solution*

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 C_{II} = nominal concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

• **Dissolution** (711)

For products labeled for dosing every 12 h

Test 1: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 1*.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 3, 9, and 12 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*.

Tolerances: See <u>Table 2</u>.

Table 2

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
3	10-25
9	45-85
12	NLT 70

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 4: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 4*.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 4, 8, 12, and 24 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 3*.

Table 3

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
4	10-25
8	35-60
12	55-80
24	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 5: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 5*.

Medium: 0.05 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.2; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm Times: 1, 3, and 8 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*.

Tolerances: See <u>Table 4</u>.

Table 4

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	NMT 15
3	45-70
8	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 10: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 10.

Buffer: Dissolve 7.1 g of <u>anhydrous dibasic sodium phosphate</u> in 1000 mL of <u>water</u>, and adjust with <u>phosphoric acid</u> to a pH of 6.5.

Medium: Buffer; 900 mL Apparatus 1: 100 rpm Times: 1, 6, 9, and 24 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the Standard solution.

Tolerances: See <u>Table 5</u>.

Table 5

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved
(11)	(%)
1	NMT 10
6	10-30
9	34-60
24	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

For products labeled for dosing every 24 h

Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 1, 4, 10, and 15 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 6*.

Table 6

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	5–20
4	30-50
10	70-90
15	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 3: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 3*.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm

Times: 6, 12, 18, 24, and 30 h

Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 7*.

Table 7

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
6	20-45
12	25-50
18	35-70
24	NLT 70
30	NLT 85

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 6: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 6.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 1: 100 rpm Times: 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 h

Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the Standard solution.

Tolerances: See Table 8.

Table 8

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
2	NMT 25
4	25–50
8	60-85
12	NLT 70
16	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 7: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 7*. **Buffer:** Transfer 115 mL of <u>acetic acid</u> to a 10-L volumetric flask, dilute with <u>water</u> to volume, and mix (*Solution A*). Transfer 165.4 g of <u>anhydrous sodium acetate</u> to a 10-L volumetric flask, dilute with

water to volume, and mix (Solution B). Mix 4410 mL of Solution A with 1590 mL of Solution B. Adjust, if necessary, with the addition of Solution A or Solution B to a pH of 4.2 ± 0.05 .

Medium: *Buffer*; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 1, 4, 10, and 15 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the Standard solution.

Tolerances: See <u>Table 9</u>.

Table 9

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	NMT 10
4	15-35
10	65-85
15	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 8: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 8.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 1, 4, 10, and 15 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 10*.

Table 10

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	5–20
4	30-50
10	60-90
15	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 9: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 9*. [Note—Perform the test separately in each of the two media.]

Medium 1: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Medium 2: Simulated intestinal fluid TS, prepared without enzyme and adjusted to a pH of 7.5 ± 0.1 ;

900 mL

Apparatus 2: 75 rpm **Time for Medium 1:** 2 h

Times for Medium 2: 2, 12, 18, and 24 h

Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See <u>Table 11</u>.

Table 11

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved, Medium 1 (%)	Amount Dissolved, Medium 2 (%)
2	0-5	20-45
12	_	35-55
18	-	NLT 60
24	-	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to *Dissolution* (711), *Acceptance Table 2*.

Test 11: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 11.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm Times: 1, 6, 12, and 18 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the Standard solution.

Tolerances: See Table 12.

Table 12

Time	Amount Dissolved	
(h)	(%)	
1	NMT 10	
6	30-40	
12	36-58	
18	NLT 85	

Test 12: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 12. Proceed as directed in *Dissolution* (711), *Procedure*, *Apparatus 1 and Apparatus 2*, *Extended-Release Dosage Forms*.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 1: 100 rpm Times: 2, 8, 14, and 24 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 13*.

Table 13

Time	Amount Dissolved	
(h)	(%)	
2	NMT 20	
8	30-55	
14	NLT 65	
24	NLT 80	

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to *Dissolution* (711), *Acceptance Table 2*.

Test 13: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 13. Proceed as directed in <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Procedure</u>, <u>Apparatus 1 and Apparatus 2</u>, <u>Extended-Release Dosage Forms</u>.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 1: 100 rpm Times: 2, 8, 14, and 24 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS in Medium

Sample solution: Sample per $\underline{\textit{Dissolution (711)}}$. Dilute with $\underline{\textit{Medium}}$ to a concentration that is similar to

Tolerances: See <u>Table 14</u>.

that of the Standard solution.

Table 14

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
2	NMT 20
8	30-55
14	60-80
24	NLT 80

Test 14: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 14. Proceed as directed in *Dissolution* (711), *Procedure, Apparatus 1 and Apparatus 2, Extended-Release Dosage Forms*.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm

Times: 6, 12, 18, 24, and 30 h

Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the *Standard solution*. **Tolerances:** See *Table 15*.

Table 15

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
6	20-45
12	25-50
18	35–70
24	NLT 70
30	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to *Dissolution* (711), *Acceptance Table 2*.

Test 15: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 15. Proceed as directed in *Dissolution* (711), *Procedure*, *Apparatus 1 and Apparatus 2*, *Extended-Release Dosage Forms*.

Medium: 0.05 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.5; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 75 rpm

Times: 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 h

Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Sample per <u>Dissolution (711)</u>. Dilute with <u>Medium</u> to a concentration that is similar to

that of the Standard solution.

Tolerances: See Table 16.

Table 16

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
2	NMT 25
4	20-40
8	60-85

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
12	NLT 70
16	NLT 80

Test 16: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 16.

Medium, Apparatus 2, Times, Standard solution, and **Sample solution:** Proceed as directed for *Test 3*.

Detector: UV 238 nm **Tolerances:** See <u>Table 17</u>.

Table 17

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
6	20-45
12	30-55
18	40-75
24	NLT 70
30	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 17: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 17.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL **Apparatus 2:** 100 rpm, with wire helix sinkers

Times: 6, 12, and 30 h
Detector: UV 238 nm

Standard solution: <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Sample solution: Dilute with *Medium*, if necessary, to a concentration that is similar to that of the

Standard solution. **Blank:** Medium

Tolerances: See <u>Table 18</u>.

Table 18

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
6	20-40
12	35–55

Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)	
30	NLT 80	

Test 18: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 18.

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 1: 100 rpm Times: 2, 4, 8, and 12 h Detector: UV 237 nm

Standard stock solution: 0.28 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium* prepared as follows. To a suitable amount of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in a suitable volumetric flask, add *Medium* to 50% of the volume of the flask and sonicate for 5 min to dissolve. Dilute with *Medium* to volume.

Standard solution: 0.014 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium* from the *Standard stock solution*

Sample solution: At the times specified, withdraw 10 mL of the solution under test. Replace the aliquots withdrawn for analysis with equal volumes of fresh portions of *Medium* maintained at 37°. Pass the solution through a PVDF filter of 0.45-µm pore size. Discard the first 2 mL of filtrate. Dilute with *Medium* to a concentration that is similar to that of the *Standard solution*.

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) in the sample withdrawn from the vessel at each time point *i*:

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times D$$

 A_{II} = absorbance of diltiazem from the Sample solution at each time point

 A_S = absorbance of diltiazem from the Standard solution

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

D = dilution factor for the Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at each time point i:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Result}_1 &= C_1 \times V \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_2 &= \left[(C_2 \times V) + (C_1 \times V_S) \right] \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_3 &= \left\{ (C_3 \times V) + \left[(C_2 + C_1) \times V_S \right] \right\} \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_4 &= \left\{ (C_4 \times V) + \left[(C_3 + C_2 + C_1) \times V_S \right] \right\} \times (1/L) \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

 C_i = concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the Sample solution withdrawn at the specified time point (mg/mL)

V = volume of Medium, 900 mL

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

 V_S = volume of the Sample withdrawn at each time point (mL)

Tolerances: See <u>Table 19</u>.

Table 19

Time Point (i)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	2	NMT 20
2	4	33-58
3	8	68-88
4	12	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 19: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 19.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Temperature: 37.0°-37.5°

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm, with a suitable sinker

Times: 1, 4, 12, 18, and 24 h

Detector: UV 238 nm

Cell: 0.5 mm

Standard solution: 0.4 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium* **Sample solution:** A portion of the solution under test at the time points specified

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Use an automatic dissolution system with an appropriate dissolution software.

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at each time point i:

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times 100$$

 A_U = absorbance of diltiazem from the Sample solution at each time point

 A_{S} = absorbance of diltiazem from the Standard solution

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

V = volume of Medium, 900 mL

Tolerances: See Table 20.

Table 20

Time Point (/)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	1	NMT 10
2	4	15-35
3	12	30-50
4	18	50-70
5	24	NLT 85

Test 20: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 20*. *Dissolution Test 20* is suitable for products labeled to contain 360 mg of diltiazem hydrochloride.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm **Times:** 6, 12, 18, and 24 h **Detector:** UV 237 nm

Cell: 0.05 cm

Standard solution: 0.4 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> into a suitable volumetric flask, and add <u>methanol</u> to 5% of the total volume of the flask to dissolve. Dilute with *Medium* to volume.

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter at the time points specified.

Blank: Medium Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) in the sample withdrawn from the vessel at each time point (i):

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times C_S$$

 A_{II} = absorbance of diltiazem from the Sample solution at each time point

 A_S = absorbance of diltiazem from the *Standard solution*

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at each time point (i):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Result}_1 &= C_1 \times V \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_2 &= \{ [C_2 \times (V - V_S)] + (C_1 \times V_S) \} \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_3 &= (\{C_3 \times [V - (2 \times V_S)]\} + [(C_2 + C_1) \times V_S]) \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_4 &= (\{C_4 \times [V - (3 \times V_S)]\} + [(C_3 + C_2 + C_1) \times V_S]) \times (1/L) \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

 C_i = concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the Sample solution withdrawn at the specified time point (mg/mL)

V = volume of Medium, 900 mL

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

 V_S = volume of the Sample withdrawn at each time point (mL)

Tolerances: See <u>Table 21</u>.

Table 21

Time Point (i)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	6	30-50
2	12	35-55
3	18	50-70
4	24	NLT 85

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

Test 21: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 21*.

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL, deaerated

Apparatus 2: 100 rpm

Times: 2, 4, 14, 18, and 24 h

Standard stock solution: 1.33 mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*

Standard solution: (<u>L</u>/900) mg/mL of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> from the *Standard stock solution* in *Medium*, where *L* is the label claim in mg/Capsule

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test at the time points specified through a suitable filter.

Instrumental conditions

(See <u>Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857)</u>.)

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 237 nm for 120 mg, 180 mg, and 240 mg strength capsules.

260 nm for 300 mg and 360 mg strength capsules.

Cell: 1 mm for 120 mg, 180 mg, and 240 mg strength capsules.

2 mm for 300 mg and 360 mg strength capsules.

Blank: Medium Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at each time point (i):

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times 100$$

 A_{ij} = absorbance of diltiazem from the Sample solution at each time point

 A_c = absorbance of diltiazem from the Standard solution

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

Tolerances: See <u>Table 22</u>.

Table 22

Time Point (i)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)
1	2	NMT 20
2	4	25-45
3	14	35–55
4	18	70-90
5	24	NLT 80

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>.

▲Test 24: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 24.

Medium: Water; 900 mL, degassed

Apparatus 1: 100 rpm **Times:** 2, 6, 16, and 24 h

Mobile phase: Methanol and water (53:47). Add 1 mL of trifluoroacetic acid to each liter of the mixture.

Standard solution: 0.3 mg/mL of USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS in Medium

Sample solution: At the specified times, withdraw 10 mL of the solution under test and pass through a

suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size, discarding the first 3 mL of filtrate.

Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 270 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 7.5-cm; 3.5-µm packing L1

Column temperature: 40°
Flow rate: 1.1 mL/min
Injection volume: 10 µL

Run time: NLT 3 times the retention time of diltiazem

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 3.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the concentration (C_i) of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) in the sample withdrawn from the vessel at each time point (i):

$$C_i = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S$$

 r_U = peak response of diltiazem from the Sample solution

 r_S = peak response of diltiazem from the Standard solution

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride ($C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4S \cdot HCI$) dissolved at each time point (i):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Result}_1 &= C_1 \times V \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_2 &= \{ [C_2 \times (V - V_S)] + (C_1 \times V_S) \} \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_3 &= (\{C_3 \times [V - (2 \times V_S)]\} + [(C_2 + C_1) \times V_S]) \times (1/L) \times 100 \\ \text{Result}_4 &= (\{C_4 \times [V - (3 \times V_S)]\} + [(C_3 + C_2 + C_1) \times V_S]) \times (1/L) \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

c_i = concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the portion of sample withdrawn at the specified time point (mg/mL)

V = volume of Medium, 900 mL

L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

 V_S = volume of the Sample solution withdrawn at each time point (mL)

Tolerances: See <u>Table 23</u>.

Table 23

Time Point (i)	Time (h)	Amount Dissolved (%)	
1	2	NMT 15	
2	6	25-45	
3	16	55-75	
4	24	NLT 80	

The percentages of the labeled amount of diltiazem hydrochloride dissolved at the times specified conform to <u>Dissolution (711)</u>, <u>Acceptance Table 2</u>. ▲ (RB 1-Mar-2021)

• **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS** (905): Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

Change to read:

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Solution A, Solution B, Mobile phase, Diluent, and **Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the *Assay*.

Standard solution: 2.5 µg/mL each of <u>USP Desacetyl Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> and <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Diluent*

Sample solution: Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of diltiazem hydrochloride from the Capsules in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of the finely powdered contents of NLT 20 Capsules to a suitable volumetric flask. Add *Diluent* equivalent to 80% of the flask volume, mechanically shake for 30 min, and sonicate for 60 min. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Centrifuge and use the supernatant.

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—For relative retention times, see <u>Table ≜24.</u> (RB 1-Mar-2021)]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.0 between desacetyl diltiazem and diltiazem

Relative standard deviation: NMT 3.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of desacetyl diltiazem hydrochloride in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result =
$$(r_{II}/r_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 r_{II} = peak response of desacetyl diltiazem from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$ = peak response of desacetyl diltiazem from the *Standard solution*

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Desacetyl Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

 C_{II} = nominal concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any individual unspecified impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 r_{II} = peak response of each unspecified impurity from the Sample solution

 r_s = peak response of diltiazem from the *Standard solution*

 C_S = concentration of <u>USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

 C_{II} = nominal concentration of diltiazem hydrochloride in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See <u>Table</u> <u>▲24</u>. (RB 1-Mar-2021) Disregard limit: 0.05%.

Table **△24** (RB 1-Mar-2021)

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Diltiazem related compound H ^a ,b	0.44	_
Diltiazem related compound G ^b ,c	0.52	_
Diltiazem related compound C ^b ,d	0.58	_
Diltiazem related compound D ^b ,e	0.61	_
Diltiazem related compound E ^{b,f}	0.66	_
Desacetyl diltiazem ^g	0.75	1.5
Diltiazem related compound A ^b ,h	0.83	_
Diltiazem related compound B ^b , <u>i</u>	0.89	_
Diltiazem	1.0	_
Any individual unspecified impurity	_	0.2
Total impurities	_	2.0

- a (2S,3S)-5-(2-Aminoethyl)-3-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepine-4(5H)-one.
- b These are impurities related to the drug substance. They are not to be reported for the drug product and should not be included in the total impurities.
- (2S,3S)-3-Hydroxy-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-(2-(methylamino)ethyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]thiazepin-4(5H)-one.
- d (2S,3S)-5-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepin-3-yl acetate.
- e (2S,3S)-2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-[2-(methylamino)ethyl]-4-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepine-3-yl acetate.
- $^{\rm f}$ (2S,3S)-3-Hydroxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepine-4(5H)-one.
- ^g *d-cis*-3-Hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-5-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-(*p*-methoxyphenyl)-1,5-benzothiazepin-4(5*H*)-one. The acceptance criteria for this impurity is based on the hydrochloride form.
- h (2R,3S)-5-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepine-3-yl acetate.
- (2S,3S)-2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepine-3-yl acetate.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Packaging and Storage: Preserve in tight containers. Store at controlled room temperature.
- LABELING: The labeling indicates the *Dissolution* test with which the product complies.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)

USP Desacetyl Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS

d-cis-3-Hydroxy-2,3-dihydro-5-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-(p-methoxyphenyl)-1,5-benzothiazepin-4(5H)-one hydrochloride.

 $C_{20}H_{24}N_2O_3S \cdot HCI$ 408.95

USP Diltiazem Hydrochloride RS

Page Information:

Not Applicable

DocID:

© 2021 The United States Pharmacopeial Convention All Rights Reserved.