Atropine Sulfate Ophthalmic Solution

DEFINITION

Atropine Sulfate Ophthalmic Solution is a sterile, aqueous solution of Atropine Sulfate. It contains NLT 93.0% and NMT 107.0% of the labeled amount of atropine sulfate monohydrate $[(C_{17}H_{23}NO_3)_2 \cdot H_2SO_4 \cdot H_2O]$. It may contain suitable stabilizers and antimicrobial agents.

IDENTIFICATION

• A. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

Delete the following:

▲• B. IDENTIFICATION TESTS—GENERAL (191), Chemical Identification Tests, Sulfate

Sample solution: Evaporate to dryness a quantity of Ophthalmic Solution. Prepare a solution from the residue that contains the equivalent of 50 mg of atropine sulfate/mL.

Acceptance criteria: Meets the requirements (IRA 1-Nov-2019)

Add the following:

▲ • B. The UV spectrum of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay. ▲ (IRA 1-Nov-2019)

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

▲ Buffer A: 6.8 g/L of sodium acetate in water. To each liter add 3.5 mL of triethylamine and 6.6 mL of glacial acetic acid. Adjust with glacial acetic acid, if needed, to a pH of 4.5.

Buffer B: 6.8 g/L of sodium acetate in water. To each liter add 4 mL of glacial acetic acid. Adjust with glacial acetic acid, if needed, to a pH of 4.5.

Mobile phase: Methanol and Buffer A (15:85) Diluent: Methanol and Buffer B (15:85)

Standard solution: 0.5 mg/mL of USP Atropine Sulfate RS in *Diluent*

Sample solution: Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of atropine sulfate monohydrate from a volume of Ophthalmic Solution prepared as follows. Rinse a 100-mL volumetric flask with *Diluent*. Transfer about 33 mL of *Diluent* to the flask and then add a 5.0-mL aliquot of Ophthalmic Solution using a "to contain" pipet (see *Volumetric Apparatus* (31)) to the flask. Shake vigorously. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Additional shaking may be needed to obtain a uniform solution.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 225 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 190–400 nm.

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing L10

Column temperature: 40° Flow rate: 1.2 mL/min Injection volume: 20 µL

Run time: NLT 3 times the retention time of atropine

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[NOTE—See Table 1 for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of atropine sulfate monohydrate [(C₁₇H₂₃NO₃)₂ · H₂SO₄ · H₂O] in the portion of Ophthalmic Solution taken:

Result = $(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$

r_U = peak response of atropine from the Sample solution

r_s = peak response of atropine from the Standard solution

C_s = concentration of USP Atropine Sulfate RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 = nominal concentration of atropine sulfate in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

molecular weight of atropine sulfate monohydrate, 694.84

 M_{r2} = molecular weight of anhydrous atropine sulfate, 676.82 $_{\perp}$ (IRA 1-Nov-2019)

Acceptance criteria: 93.0%-107.0%

IMPURITIES

Change to read:

ORGANIC IMPURITIES

▲Buffer A, Buffer B, Mobile phase, Diluent, Standard solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the Assay.

System suitability solution: 0.005 mg/mL of atropic acid and 0.5 mg/mL of USP Atropine Sulfate RS in *Diluent* System suitability

Samples: Standard solution and System suitability solution [Note—See Table 1 for the relative response factors.]

Suitability requirements
Resolution: NLT 1.5 between atropic acid and atropine,

System suitability solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%, Standard solution

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of each specified and any unspecified degradation product in the portion of Ophthalmic Solution taken:

Result = $(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times (M_{r1}/M_{r2}) \times 100$

 r_U = peak response of each specified and any unspecified degradation product from the Sample solution

r₅ = peak response of atropine from the Standard solution

C_s = concentration of USP Atropine Sulfate RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 = nominal concentration of atropine sulfate in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

F = relative response factor (see *Table 1*) = molecular weight of atropine sulfate monohydrate, 694.84

 M_{r2} = molecular weight of anhydrous atropine sulfate, 676.82

Acceptance criteria: See Table 1.

Table 1

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Tropic acid ^a	0.69	2.0	7.0
Atropic acid ^b	0.87	12.2	1.0
Atropine	1.0	-	-
Apoatropine ^c	2.1	4.3	1.0
Any individual unspecified degradation product	=	1.0	1.0
Total impurities	-	-	7.0

^a 3-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropanoic acid.

phenylacrylate. ▲ (IRA 1-Nov-2019)

SPECIFIC TESTS

- **PH** ⟨791⟩: 3.5–6.0
- **STERILITY TESTS** (71): Meets the requirements

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in tight containers, and store at controlled room temperature. • USP REFERENCE STANDARDS $\langle 11 \rangle$
- **USP Atropine Sulfate RS**

^b 2-Phenylacrylic acid.

c (1R,3r,5S)-8-Methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-3-yl 2-